



PELVIC EXAM VS. HISTORY FOR PID

In adolescents if likelihood of PID is high (> 25%), pelvic exam does not increase sensitivity or specificity for diagnosis of chlamydia, gonorrhea, or trichomonas vs. history alone¹



CCS: DOACS > WARFARIN FOR A. FIB

Canadian Cardiovascular Society's 2018 Atrial Fibrillation guideline recommends direct oral anticoagulants (DOACs) over warfarin when anticoagulation is indicated.³



Indications include spasticity, neuropathic pain, palliative pain, and chemotherapy—induced nausea and vomiting. Pills are recommended — not smoked, inhaled, or oils.⁴



Rather than several litres of fluid before switching to blood for resuscitation, now use 1 litre of fluids, then 1 unit of blood, & 1 gram of tranexamic acid over 10 min. Serve warmed.⁶



Patient self–collected vaginal swab (SCVS) is more sensitive for chlamydia and gonorrhea than health–professional collected swab; the CDC (USA) now recommends SCVS.²



REVERSAL AGENTS NOW EXIST FOR DOACS

Reversal agents now exist for DOACs (i.e. idarucizumab for dabigatran).³



Recommend patients wait at least 4 hours to drive after inhaling marijuana, 6 hours after oral ingestion, and 8 hours if euphoria is experienced.⁵



Shingrix® > Zostavax II®⁷ (2 shots, 2x the cost).8 Only 2 doses of Cervarix® or Gardasil® vaccines are required, not 3.9 Tdap is recommended in pregnancy (between 27–32 weeks).10



The CATCH-2 rule¹¹: C— Cranky (Irritable), A – Altered LOC two hrs after injury, T – traumatic mechanism, C – crack in the skull, H – headache/hematoma, 2 – vomiting x4 episodes



IRON Q.O.D. IMPROVES ABSORPTION

Radiolabeled trial showed 30% increase in absorption of iron tablets if they are taken every other day¹³



Recommend no CRP. Suggest no colonoscopy if < 50 (even if alarm features). For non-medication treatment, suggest cognitive behavioural therapy & hypnotherapy¹⁵



OTTAWA SUBARACHNOID RULE

Age > 40, LOC, exertional, thunderclap, neck pain or limited flexion on exam. Rules out SAH (100% sensitivity.) See inclusion / exclusion criteria for applying this rule. 17



FROSTBITE MANAGEMENT

Provide rewarming, analgesia, tetanus vaccination. Consider Iloprost, and avoid immediate amputation. ¹²



NO MORE ASA FOR PRIMARY PREVENTION

In healthy adults, risk of bleed is similar to benefit. This does not apply to adults with cardiovascular risk factors or previous MI.¹⁴



VANCOMYCIN NOW FIRST-LINE FOR C. DIFF

Metronidazole is no longer first–line treatment for mild–moderate C. difficile infections; cure rate increases by 10% with vancomycin¹⁶



DIABETES AND DRIVING: 2-4-6 RULE

For long road trips, check sugar every 2 hrs (if you have hypoglycemia unawareness, otherwise every 4 hours), and keep emergency dextrose on hand i.e. 6 lifesavers¹⁸



REFERENCES

¹Ann Emerg Med 2018; 72(6):703–712 ²CFP 2018, 64 (6) 448 ³2018 CCS Atrial Fibrillation Guidelines ⁴CFP 2018, 64 (2) 111–120. ⁵Adapted from CFPC — Authorizing Cannabis for Pain / Anxiety 2014 ⁶2018 ATLS manual ¬National Advisory Committee on Immunization 2018 ˚CFP 2019, 65 (3) 197. ⁵ National Advisory Committee on Immunization 2017 ¹ National Advisory Committee on Immunization 2018 ¹ CMAJ 2018 190 (27) E816–E822 ¹ CMAJ 2016 188 (17–18) 1255–1258 ¹ Lancet Haematol 2017; 4: 524–33 ¹ 2019 ACC/AHA Guideline on the Primary Prevention of Cardiovascular Disease. ¹ SJCAG 2019, 2(1), 6–29 – 2019 Canadian IBS Guidelines ¹ GASSOC Med Micro and Inf Dis Canada 3.2, 2018 ¹ CMAJ 2017 189(45) E1379–E1385 ¹ Adapted from 2018 Canadian Diabetes Association guidelines